



# Digital Asset Management

## 数字媒体资源管理

## 2. Introduction to Digital Media Format



任课老师：张宏鑫

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# About Homework 2

- python flask
  - <http://flask.pocoo.org>
  - <https://testdriven.io/developing-a-single-page-app-with-flask-and-vuejs>
- virtualenv
- pip install
- <https://www.w3cschool.cn/flask/>



# Using JavaScript

- What is JavaScript
- Web programing with JS
  - Node.JS
  - Sails
  - Yeoman: <http://yeoman.io/codelab/setup.html>
  - ...

# Overview of XML

- Extensible Markup Language
  - Aim at **data searching**
  - Similar to HTML
    - More restrict grammar checking
    - User defined tags to describe data structure
    - Flexible data displaying schemes
    - Cross-platform, language and application independent
    - DTD and XML Schema.
  - <http://www.brics.dk/~amoeller/XML/overview.html>

# HTML v.s. XML

```
<h1>Rhubarb Cobbler</h1>
<h2>Maggie.Herrick@bbs.mhv.net</h2>
<h3>Wed, 14 Jun 95</h3>

Rhubarb Cobbler made with bananas as the main sweetener.
It was delicious. Basicly it was
<table>
<tr><td> 2 1/2 cups <td> diced rhubarb
<tr><td> 2 tablespoons <td> sugar
<tr><td> 2 <td> fairly ripe bananas
<tr><td> 1/4 teaspoon <td> cinnamon
<tr><td> dash of <td> nutmeg
</table>
Combine all and use as cobbler, pie, or crisp.
Related recipes: <a href="#GardenQuiche">Garden Quiche</a>
```

```
<recipe id="117" category="dessert">
<title>Rhubarb Cobbler</title>
<author><email>Maggie.Herrick@bbs.mhv.net</email></author>
<date>Wed, 14 Jun 95</date>

<description>
  Rhubarb Cobbler made with bananas as the main sweetener.
  It was delicious.
</description>

<ingredients>
  <item><amount>2 1/2 cups</amount><type>diced rhubarb</type></item>
  <item><amount>2 tablespoons</amount><type>sugar</type></item>
  <item><amount>2</amount><type>fairly ripe bananas</type></item>
  <item><amount>1/4 teaspoon</amount><type>cinnamon</type></item>
  <item><amount>dash of</amount><type>nutmeg</type></item>
</ingredients>

<preparation>
  Combine all and use as cobbler, pie, or crisp.
</preparation>

<related url="#GardenQuiche">Garden Quiche</related>
</recipe>
```

# A conceptual view of XML

```
...<foo attr="val" ...>...</foo>...
```

an element start tag with name foo  
an attribute with name **attr** and value **val**, values enclosed by ' or "  
the contents of the element

a matching element end tag

```
...<foo attr="val" ... />...
```

XML documents as text with markup



# A conceptual view of XML

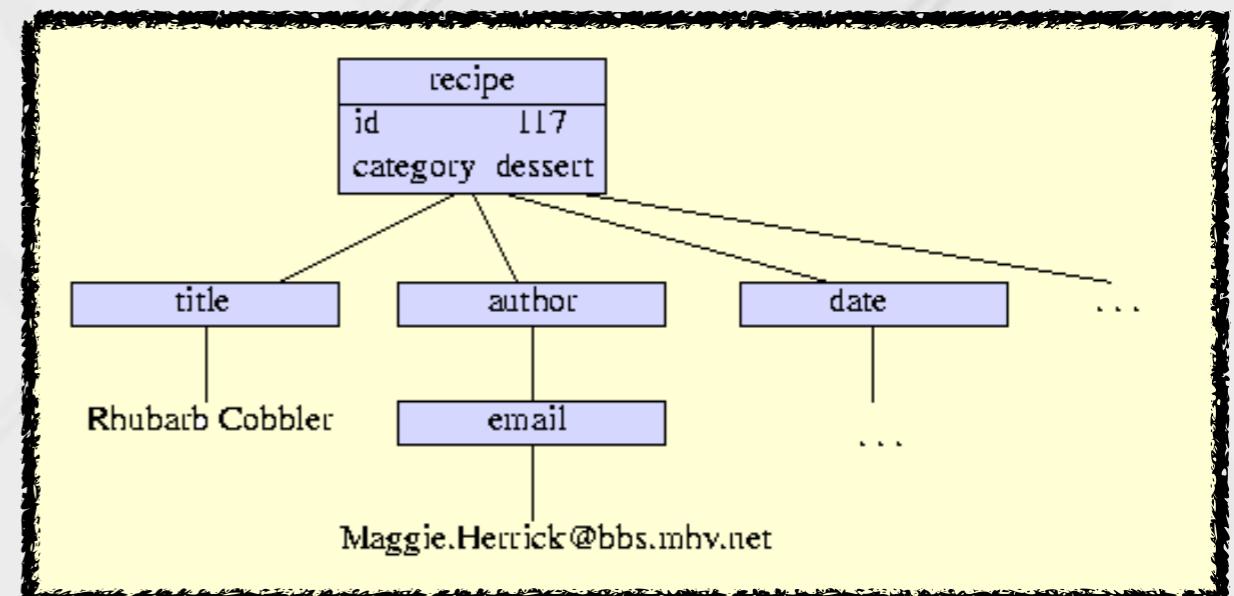
- An XML document is a (Unicode) text with markup tags and other meta-information.
- An XML document **must be well-formed**:
  - start and end tags must match
  - element tags must be properly nested
  - + some more subtle syntactical requirements
- XML is **case sensitive!**
- Special characters can be escaped using Unicode character references:
  - &#60; and &lt; both yield <



# A conceptual view of XML

- An **XML document** is an **ordered, labeled tree**:
  - **character data** leaf nodes contain the actual data (text strings)
    - usually, character data nodes must be non-empty and non-adjacent to other character data nodes
  - **elements** nodes, are each labeled with
    - a name (often called the element type), and
    - a set of attributes, each consisting of a name and a value,
    - and these nodes can have child nodes

XML documents as  
labeled trees



# A conceptual view of XML

- XML trees may contain other kinds of leaf nodes:
  - processing instructions - annotations for various processors
  - comments - as in programming languages
  - document type declaration

XML documents as labeled trees



- The XML vision offers:
  - common extensions to the core XML specification
    - a namespace mechanism, document inclusion, etc.
  - schemas
    - grammars to define classes of documents
  - linking between documents
    - a generalization of HTML anchors and links
  - addressing parts of read-only documents
    - flexible and robust pointers into documents
  - transformation
    - conversion from one document class to another
  - querying
    - extraction of information, generalizing relational databases

# To use XML

- Define your XML language
  - use XML Schema to define its syntax
- Exploit the generic XML tools
  - XSLT and XQuery processors
- As a generic protocols, and the generic programming frameworks
  - DOM or SAX to build application tools

# Summary: HTML and XML

- Both of them are useful today for different applications

# JSON

- <http://www.w3schools.com/json/>
- JavaScript Object Notation
- JSON Example
- {"employees": [  
    {"firstName": "John", "lastName": "Doe"},  
    {"firstName": "Anna", "lastName": "Smith"},  
    {"firstName": "Peter", "lastName": "Jones"}  
]}



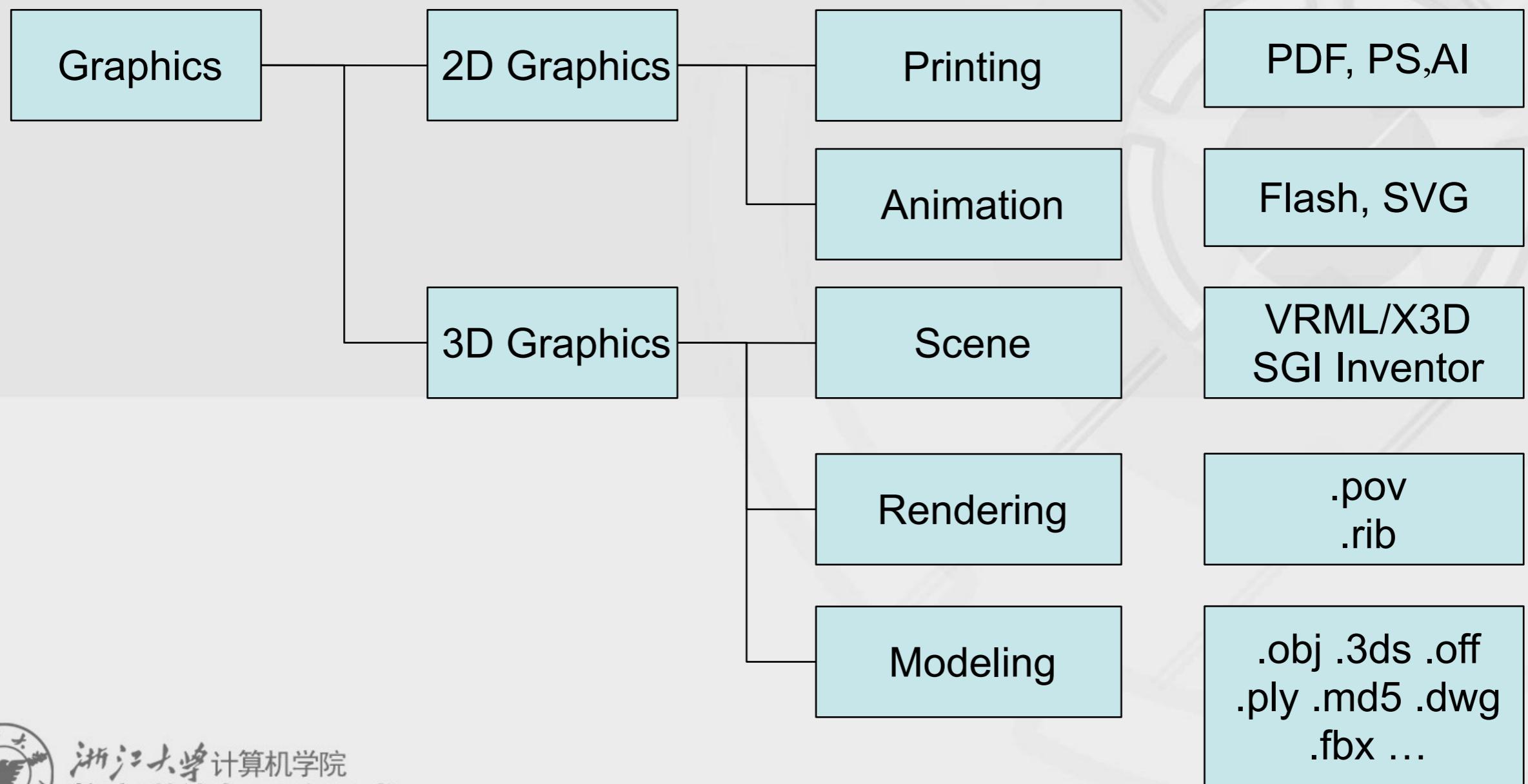
## 2.5. Graphics formats



# Graphics ≠ Images

- Representation ability
  - Graphics are usually described in **vectors** which can provide **arbitrary precision**
  - Images are usually sampled in **fragments/pixels** which can only provide **limited precision**
- Application area
  - Graphics are mainly applied in CAD, model design, computer animation, system simulation and printing.
  - Images are mainly used for photo display and image processing etc.

# Classification of different graphics formats



# Overview of SVG

- <http://www.w3.org/Graphics/SVG/About.html>
- 什么是SVG?
  - SVG 指可伸缩矢量图形 (Scalable Vector Graphics)
  - SVG 用来定义用于网络的基于矢量的图形
  - SVG 使用 XML 格式定义图形
  - SVG 图像在放大或改变尺寸的情况下其图形质量不会有损失
  - SVG 是万维网联盟的标准
  - SVG 与诸如 DOM 和 XSL 之类的 W3C 标准是一个整体

# SVG examples



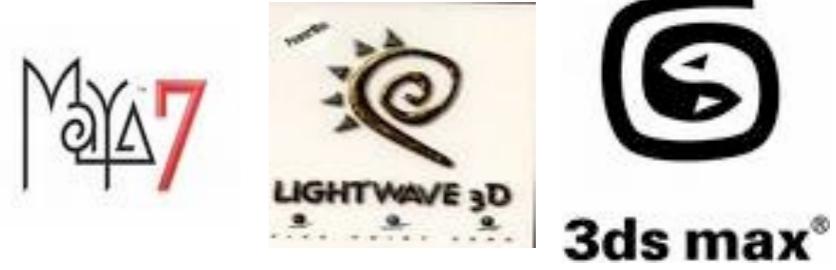
- [http://www.w3school.com.cn/svg/svg\\_examples.asp](http://www.w3school.com.cn/svg/svg_examples.asp)
- [https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/fd/Ghostscript\\_Tiger.svg/1024px-Ghostscript\\_Tiger.svg.png](https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/fd/Ghostscript_Tiger.svg/1024px-Ghostscript_Tiger.svg.png)

# Elements of 3D graphics format

- Global scene description
  - Parameters of light and camera, other system configurations
- Geometric model description
  - Curves and surfaces
    - Line, plane, quadratic surface, spline ...
  - Mesh surfaces = vertex coordinates + topology connectivity
  - Texture coordinates, normals
- Material description
  - Reflectance model, texture image
- Animation description
  - Skeleton model ...

# Main problems for 3D graphics format

- CAD and computer animation software
  - Different application area
  - Different system design principles
  - Different types of geometric representation combinations
- Mainstream commercial software employ different types of 3D graphics model.
  - It is **hard** to obtain a uniform graphics format.
  - **Data exchange and sharing** become key issues for 3D designing system.



# Overview of X3D



- X3D [ Extensible 3D ] is an international standard of 3D graphics. It defines how to integrate and access interactive 3D content in a multimedia environment.
- The former of X3D is VRML which is established on 1998 as a network graphics ISO standard (ISO/IEC14772).
- X3D decompose scene descriptions of VRML97 into components. Therefore it is very convenient to extend original VRML functions by adding new components.

# New 3D graphics standard-X3D

- Ten years from VRML to X3D

- 1994.10 通过VRML1.0 三维文件格式
- 1996.7 公布VRML2.0 草案加入交互特性
- 1998.1 通过VRML97国际标准
- 1998.11 改名为Web3D联盟，推荐结合
- 1999.2 启动X3D
- 1999 - 2002 实现了 gzip、Universal-Media-Libraries、GeoVRML、DIS-Java-VRML、H-Anim、EAI
- 2002.4 VRML标准修订，正式加入UTF-8、EAI、GeoVRML、NURBS 曲面特性
- 2002.7 X3D 宣布草案
- 2002.12 X3D 进入ISO 审议
- 2003.2 X3D 编码规格进入ISO 审议
- 2003.3 X3D 语言结合标准进入ISO 的最后审议阶段
- 2004 通过 X3D ISO 国际标准



# X3D 教程

- <http://x3d.esoe.ntu.edu.tw/>
- Use FreeWRL as a player

# COLLADA (SONY)



- Widely used in PS4/PSP games
- XML based, and similar to X3D
- <http://www.khronos.org/collada/>
- <http://www.opencollada.org/home.html>



# 3D mesh surface compression

- Terrain data can be compressed by JPEG related methods
- MPEG-4 defines a compression method:
  - Compress **topological connectivities**: relationships among vertices
  - Compress **geometric position information**: vertex positions, normal vectors, texture coordinates ...
  - Compress texture images ...

# 3D Geographic data

- [http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/  
community](http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/community)
- CityGML

# About the Course Project

- Organize the team first!
- ...